# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 453/2010)

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: Stone Floor Cleaner 1 L

Product code: 004434

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Cleaner

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: LIBERON Ltd

Address: .Mountfield Industrial Estate KENT TN28 8XU NEW ROMNEY GB Telephone: + (44) 1797 367 555. Fax: + (44) 1797 367 575. Telex: .

fds.produits@v33.com www.liberon.co.uk

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: .

Association/Organisation: . Other emergency numbers

UK - National Poisons Information Service Phone: 191 22 5131

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# In compliance with directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC and their amendments.

Possibility of serious corrosive effects.

The classification of corrosive substances is based on an extreme pH value (in accordance with Directive 2001/59/EC, Annex VI, paragraph 3.2.5.)

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

# 2.2. Label elements

## In compliance with directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC and their amendments.

Hazard symbols:



Corrosive

Risk phrase :

R 35 Causes severe burns.

Safety phrase :

S 1/2 Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

S 26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S 36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S 45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label

where possible).

S 51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.

# 2.3. Other hazards

No data available.

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.1. Substances

No substances fulfil the criteria set forth in annexe II section A of the REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006.

## 3.2. Mixtures

### Composition:

•			
Identification	Name	Classification	%
INDEX: 014-010-00-8	DISODIUM METASILICATE	GHS05, GHS07, Dgr	2.5 <= x % < 10

e Floor Cleaner 1 L - 004434	vo.o.o <u></u>		
CAS: 6834-92-0		С	
EC: 229-912-9		H:314.1B-335	
		R: 34-37	
INDEX: 603-064-00-3	MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METH	YL GHS02, GHS07, Wng	2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 107-98-2	ETHER	H:226-336	
EC: 203-539-1		R: 10-67	
CAS: 27323-41-7	ACIDE	GHS05, Dgr	0 <= x % < 2.5
	ALKYLBENZENSULPHONIQUE	Xi	
		H:315-318	

R: 38-41

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### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

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## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with soft, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove any soiled or splashed clothing immediately.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

#### In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist

### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

### For non fire-fighters

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

### For fire-fighters

Fire-fighters will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

TMP No:

84

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Neutralise with an acidic decontaminant.

If the ground is contaminated, once the product has been recovered by sponging with an inert and non-combustible absorbent material, wash the contaminated area in plenty of water.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

### Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

## Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Do not allow to freeze

# **Packaging**

CAS

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union (2009/161/EU, 2006/15/EC, 2000/39/EC, 98/24/EC)

CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes:	
107-98-2	375	100	568	150	Peau	
- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):						

### - ACGIH ILV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

VME-mg/m3:

		F F			
107-98-2	100 ppm	150 ppm	_	-	-
CAS	IVVA:	SIEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 21/06/2010) :

VME-ppm:

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
107-98-2	100 ml/m3	370 mg/m3	2(I)	DFG, Y
- France (INRS	- ED984 :2008) :			

VLE-ppm:

107-98-2 | 50 | 188 | 1

THE (Workplace expectate limite, ETTO/2000, 2007).						
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
107-98-2	100 ppm	150 ppm	_	_	_	

VLE-mg/m3:

Notes:

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

#### Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Natural latex
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

## - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing, in particular overalls and boots. These items must be kept in good condition and cleaned after use.

Suitable type of protective boots :

In the event of minor spatter, wear protective boots or half-boots against chemical risks in accordance with standard EN13832-2.

In the event of prolonged contact, wear boots or half-boots with liquid-chemical-resistant and waterproof soles and uppers in accordance with standard EN13832-3.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

# General information :

Physical state :	fluid liquid.				
Important health, safety and environmental information					
	strongly basic.				
pH:	12.50 .				
Flash point interval :	not relevant.				
Vapour pressure :	not relevant.				
Density:	1-1.05				
Water solubility:	Dilutable.				

0 112 11

### 9.2. Other information

No data available.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

Stone Floor Cleaner 1 L - 004434

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- frost

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis, following exposure for up to three minutes

Corrosive reactions are typified by ulcers, bleeding, bloody scabs, and, by the end of observation at 14 days, by discolouration due to blanching of the skin, complete areas of alopecia, and scars.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

#### 11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

### Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

Corrosive classification is based on an extreme pH value.

# Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

Corrosive classification is based on an extreme pH value.

11.1.2. Mixture

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1. Toxicity

# 12.1.1. Substances

No aquatic toxicity data available for the substances.

### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

## Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

## Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2011 - IMDG 2010 - ICAO/IATA 2011).

- Classification :



UN3266=CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

(geraniol)

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	8	C5	II	8	80	1 L	274	E2	2	E
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	8	-	II.	1 L	F-A,S-B	274	E2			
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	8	-	II.	851	1 L	855	30 L	A3	E2	
	8	-	II	Y840	0.5 L	-	-	A3	E2	

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Packaging to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

Containers to be fitted with a tactile warning of danger (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

### - Particular provisions :

No data available.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

# Title for H, EUH and R indications mentioned in section 3 :

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
R 10	Flammable.
R 34	Causes burns.
R 37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R 38	Irritating to skin.
R 41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R 67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

## Abbreviations:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association.

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ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RID}}$  : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).